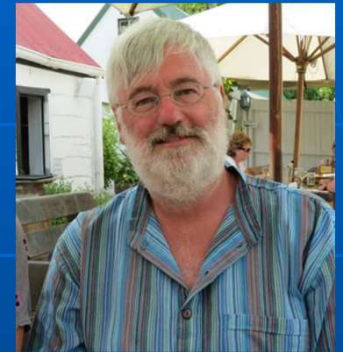


# Observatories, Telescopes & Travels: a personal journey

David Buckley

*Southern African Large Telescope  
South African Astronomical Observatory  
University of Cape Town  
University of the Free State*



## Early Days

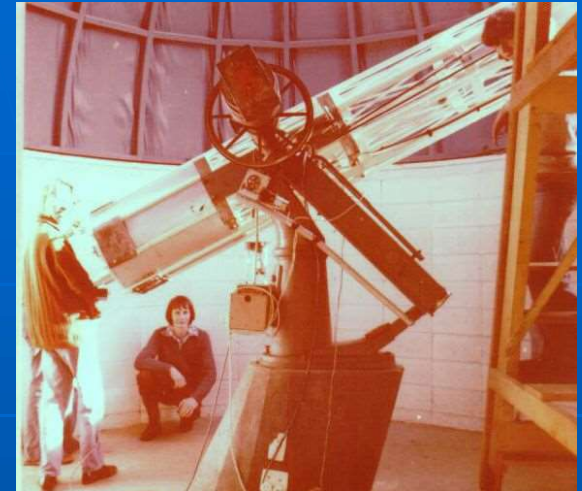
- First telescope (60mm refractor 7<sup>th</sup> birthday); frequent visits to planetarium at Canterbury Museum; lots of astronomy books (e.g. Patrick Moore's *Astronomy for Boys* (!))
- Joined Junior Section of the Canterbury Astronomical Society (CAS) from age ~15; eventually held position as Treasurer, Secretary & Editor
- Eventually bought a new equatorial refractor from proceeds of selling a model train layout & holiday jobs (raspberry & potato picking); then bought (for \$20!) an old brass Dallmeyer 3" refractor (circa 1880) from high school (was about to be chucked out!)

First visit to CAS West Melton Observatory



# First Observing Experiences

- Visual observations of variable stars & comets
- First introduction to “serious observing” using photoelectric photometer (e.g. Asteroid Latetia, 3C273) on West Melton 16 inch
- First publication in *Sky & Telescope* (Comet Bradfield and Aurora)
- Some of us in the CAS have continued on in astronomy (e.g. Sean Ryan, U. Hertfordshire)



# Start of Academic Studies: University of Canterbury

- BSc in physics & applied maths & MSc in astronomy

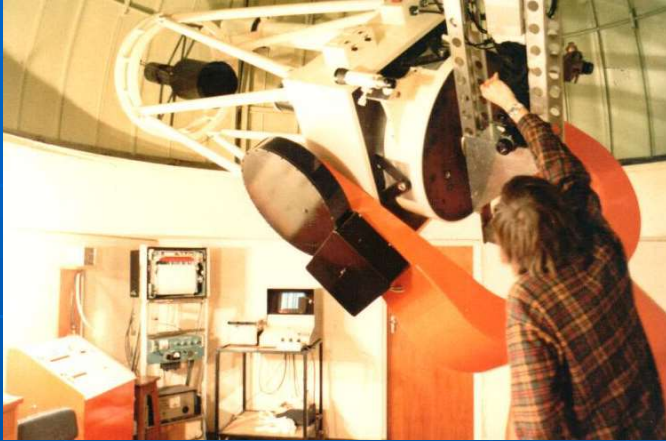
## Other activities:

- Friday night observing at Townsend Observatory with 6" refractor (collapsed in 2012 earthquake, now restored)
- Planetarium lecturer
- Assisted Gary Nankivell (optical engineer) with final polish of new 1-m mirror

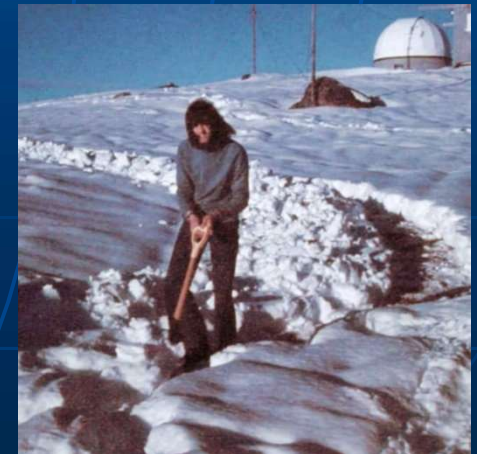


# Masters Research at Mount John Observatory

Mt John University Observatory set up in 1965 (UC, U. Florida, U. Penn)

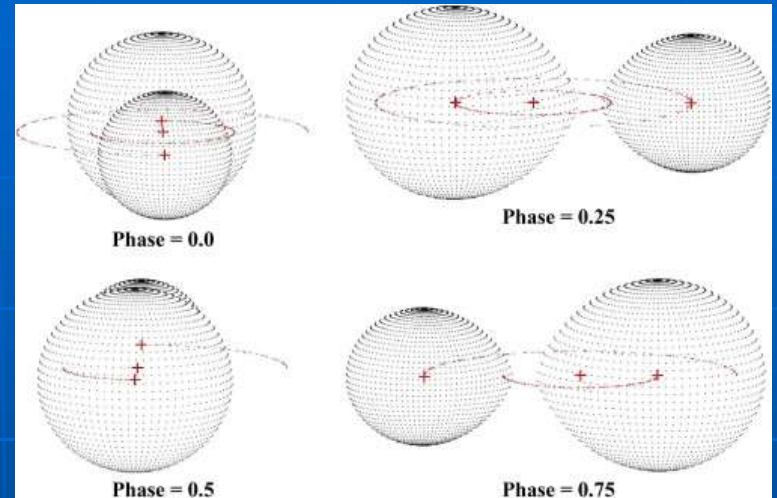
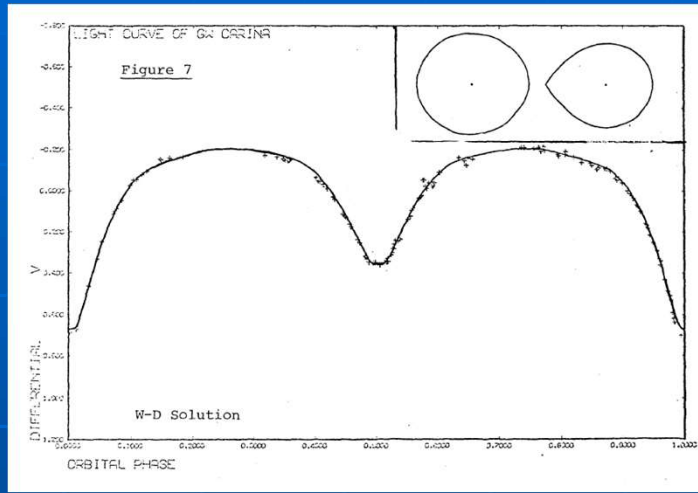


- MSc on light curves of bright, neglected eclipsing binaries (John Hearnshaw supervisor)
- Photoelectric photometry (OC and B&C 0.6-m)
- Modelling & synthetic light curves
- Learned the art and the demands of optical photometry (& a bit of spectroscopy)
- Learned to ski nearby



# Masters Research at Mount John University

- Good quality light curves modelled using synthetic light curve modes
- All computation done on new "PRIME" main-frame using Fortran IV



## OBSERVATIONS AND MODELS OF SOME NEGLECTED SOUTHERN ECLIPSING BINARIES\*

DAVID A. H. BUCKLEY

\* Paper presented at the Lembang-Bamberg IAU Colloquium No. 80 on 'Double Stars: Physical Properties and Generic Relations', held at Bandung, Indonesia, 3-7 June, 1983.

*Astrophysics and Space Science* **99** (1984) 191-197. 0004-640X/84/0991-0191\$01.05.  
© 1984 by D. Reidel Publishing Company.



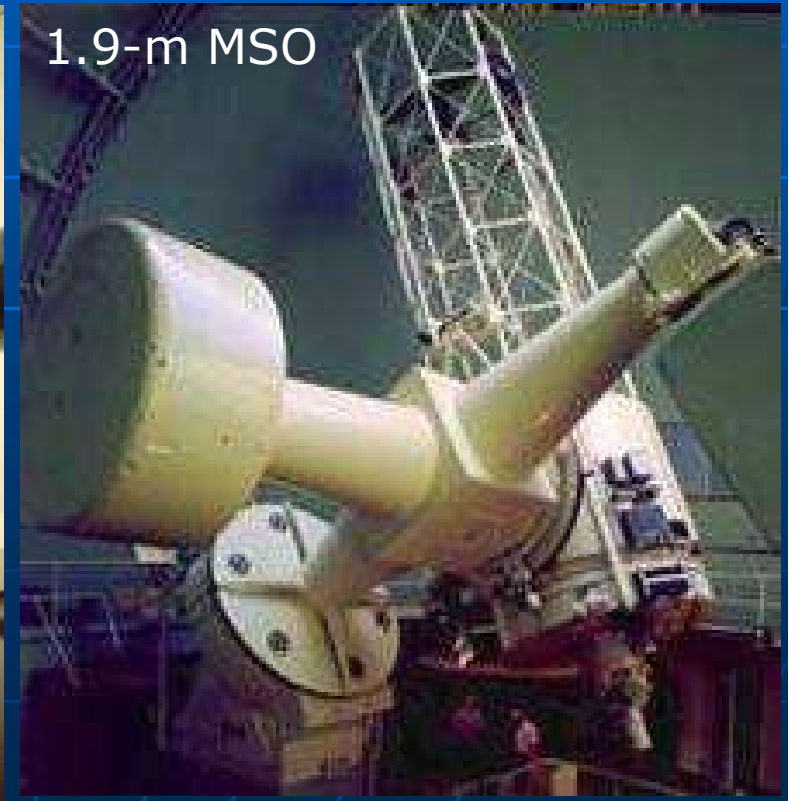
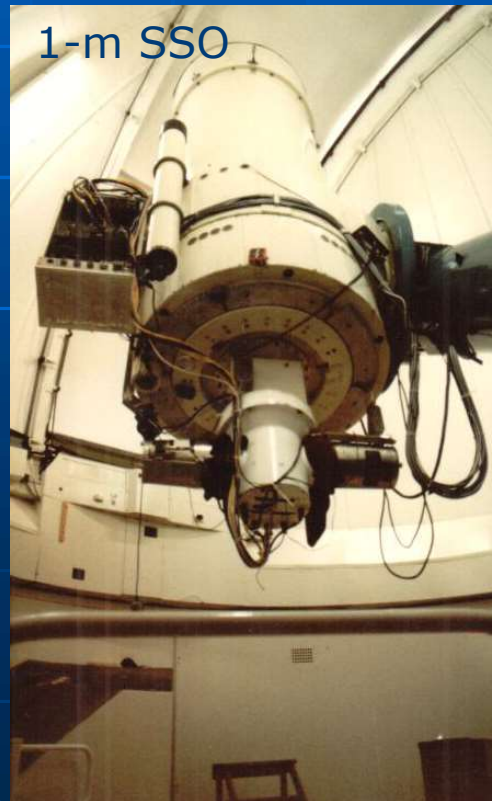
## Aside: Largest NZ telescopes today

- 1-m telescope completed in 1986
- High resolution spectrograph (HERCULES)
- 1.8-m MOA (Japan, NZ, US) completed 2004



## Next step: PhD at the Australian National University at Mount Stromlo & Siding Springs Observatory (MSSO)

- PhD thesis on X-ray sources from the HEAO-1 satellite
- Part of MSSSO collaboration with MIT group (Hale Bradt & Ron Remillard)
- Follow-up optical (AAT & MSSSO) and X-ray (EXOSAT) observations of Galactic sources
- X-ray binaries, cataclysmic variables, active coronal stars (5 papers)
- Photometry & spectroscopy
- Modelling





# An aside on HEAO-1:

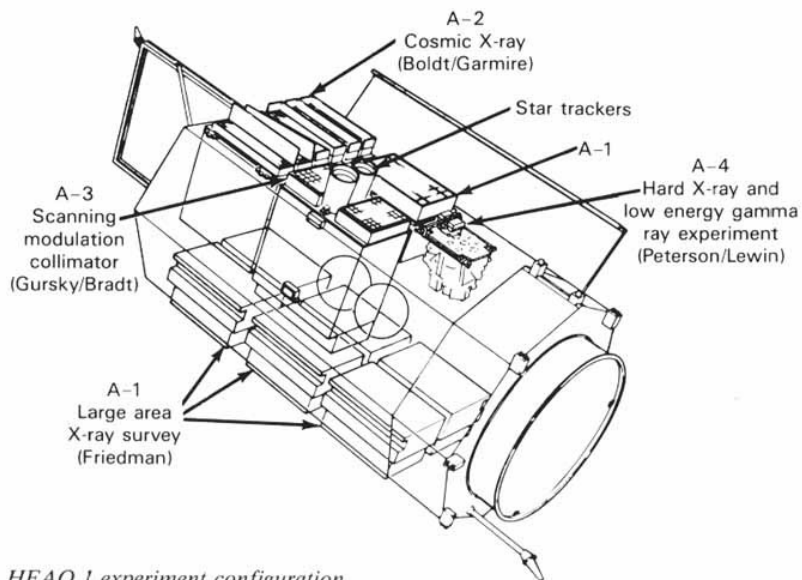
First of NASA's "great observatories" launched in 1977

4 different instruments

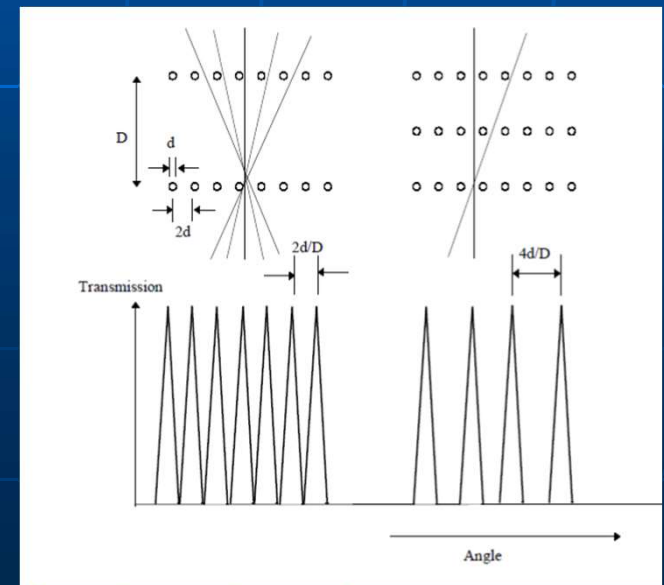
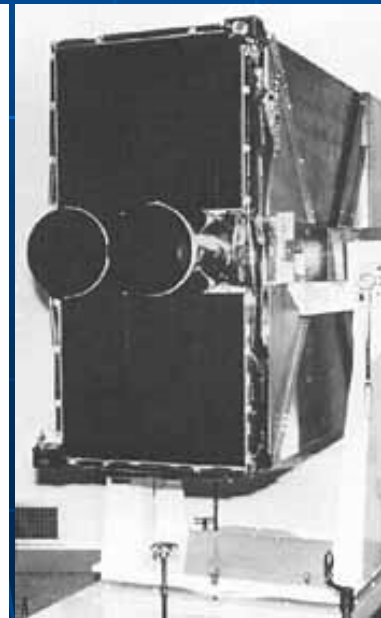
- A1: hard X-ray large area PCs
- A2: soft X-ray PCs
- A3: hard X-ray scanning modulation collimator
- A4: gamma ray detectors

**Not X-ray imaging!**

- Detectors all proportional counters with collimators

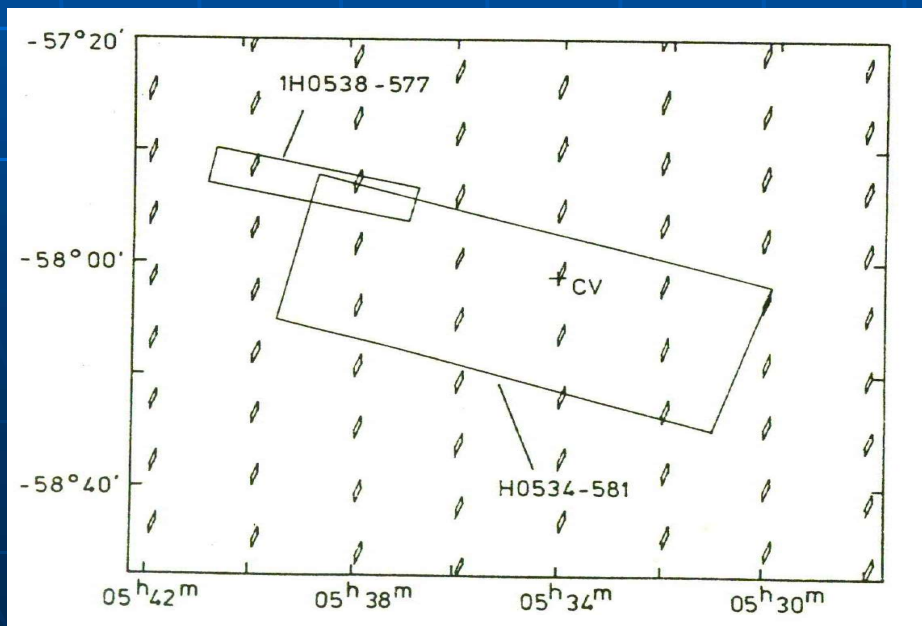


HEAO 1 experiment configuration.



# Finding optical counterparts of HEAO-1 sources

- A3 produced a regular grid of possible non-unique error boxes
- 100's of  $\sim 1 \times 2$  arcmin over  $4 \times 4$  degrees
- Any one of them could contain the source!
- Need to look at every error "diamond" to find likely counterpart (e.g. UV excess); eye-balling photographic plates
- PhD involved searching for and characterizing optical counterparts of  $\sim 3\sigma$  A3 sources; particularly Galactic objects
- *Example: H0534-581 (TW Pic) a magnetic Cataclysmic Variable*
  - Two Chapters & two papers
  - Most recently TESS has observed accretion gating evidence



THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 349:296–312, 1990 January 20  
© 1990. The American Astronomical Society. All rights reserved. Printed in U.S.A.

H0534–581: A NEW INTERMEDIATE POLAR?

D. A. H. BUCKLEY AND I. R. TUOHY

Mount Stromlo and Siding Spring Observatories, Institute of Advanced Studies, Australian National University

*32 years later...*

LETTERS

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41550-021-01494-x>

nature  
astronomy

Check for updates

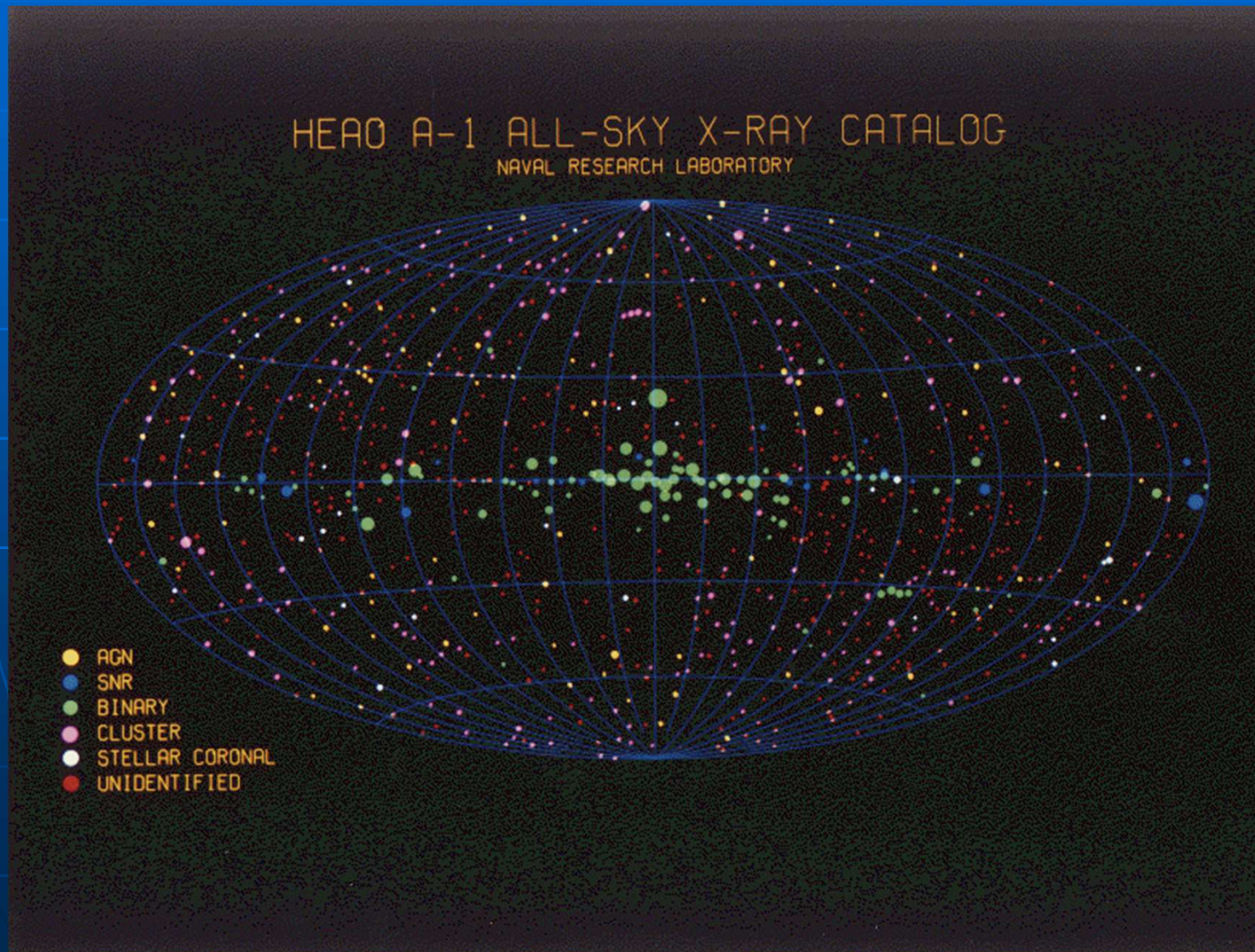
**An accreting white dwarf displaying fast transitional mode switching**

S. Scaringi<sup>1</sup>, D. de Martino<sup>2</sup>, D. A. H. Buckley<sup>3,4,5</sup>, P. J. Groot<sup>3,4,6</sup>, C. Knigge<sup>7</sup>, M. Fratta<sup>1</sup>, K. Izkiewicz<sup>1</sup>, C. Littlefield<sup>8,9</sup> and A. Papitto<sup>10</sup>

NATURE ASTRONOMY | VOL 6 | JANUARY 2022 | 98–102 | [www.nature.com/natureastronomy](http://www.nature.com/natureastronomy)

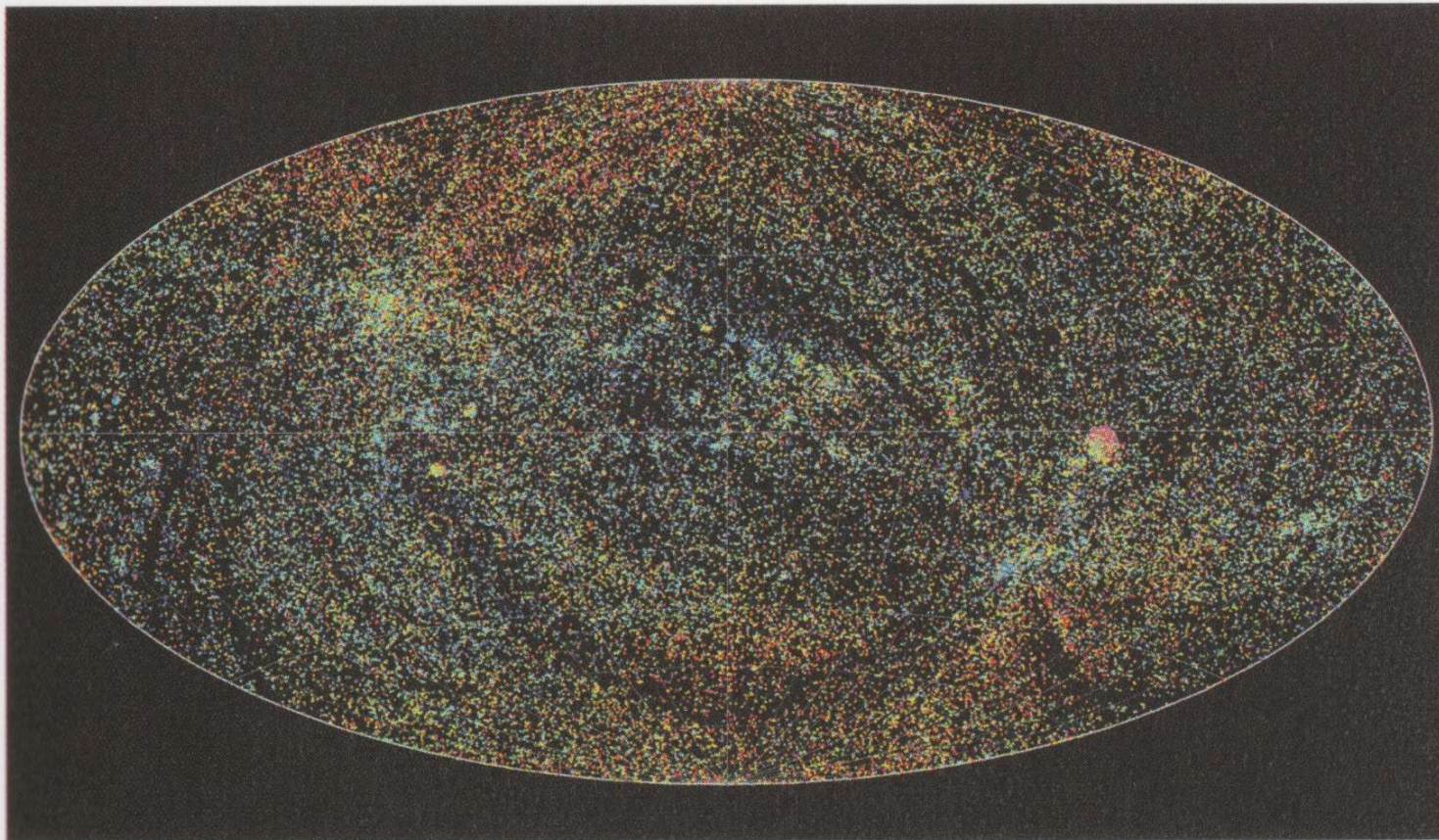
# HEAO-1 Sky View

- *Total of ~1000 sources detected (0.2 – 25 keV)*



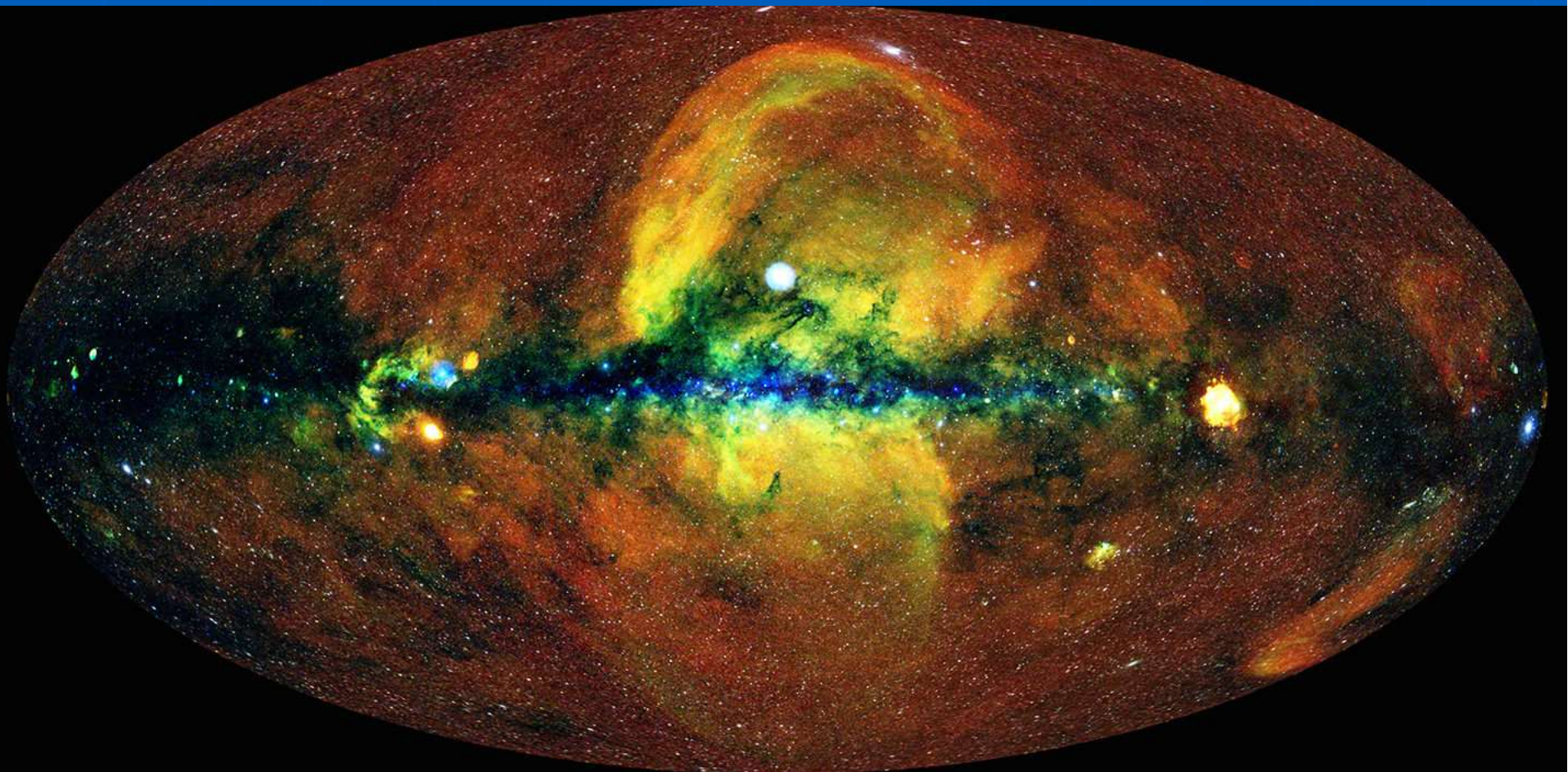
# ROSAT View of the Sky

- Soft X-ray survey (0.2-2.4 keV) in early 1990's
- Also did first Extreme UV (EUV) survey
- Led a programme at UCT to find optical counterparts and follow-up (predominantly using SAAO facilities and also some in Australia)
- Over 70,000 sources



# eROSITA View of the Sky

- The ultimate survey (4 years: 8 entire sky views) to date
- X-ray survey (0.2-10 keV) from 2019
- Survey suspended ½ way in March 2022 due to invasion of Ukraine



# Mount Stromlo Observatory

- In out skirts of Canberra in a pine forest plantation
- Pleasant environment to work and live, with many students living in houses on site (lots of wild Australian animals!)



## Mount Stromlo Observatory: Post 2003

- Massive fire destroyed telescopes, workshop, NIFS (instrument for Gemini packed for shipping), historic library & most houses



# Mount Stromlo Observatory: today

- Eventually rebuilt (Phoenix!)
- state-of-the-art instrumentation and technology centre





# South African Career



Late 1988 to mid-1991: took up postdoc at University of Cape Town (Brian Warner)

➤ *Research in magnetic CV, ROSAT sources, pulsating WDs, Be X-ray binaries*

1991 – 2022: astronomer at the South African Astronomical Observatory

Involvement in early days of the Southern African Large Telescope (SALT) Project

Different roles, including Project Scientist for SALT (1998-2005) and Astronomy Operations Manager (2005-2015), SALT Science Director (2010-2015)

SALT Global Ambassador (2017-2022)

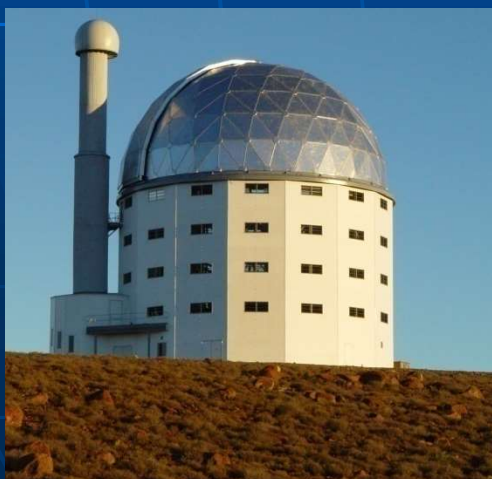
SAAO Darragh O'Donoghue Astronomer (2017-2022)

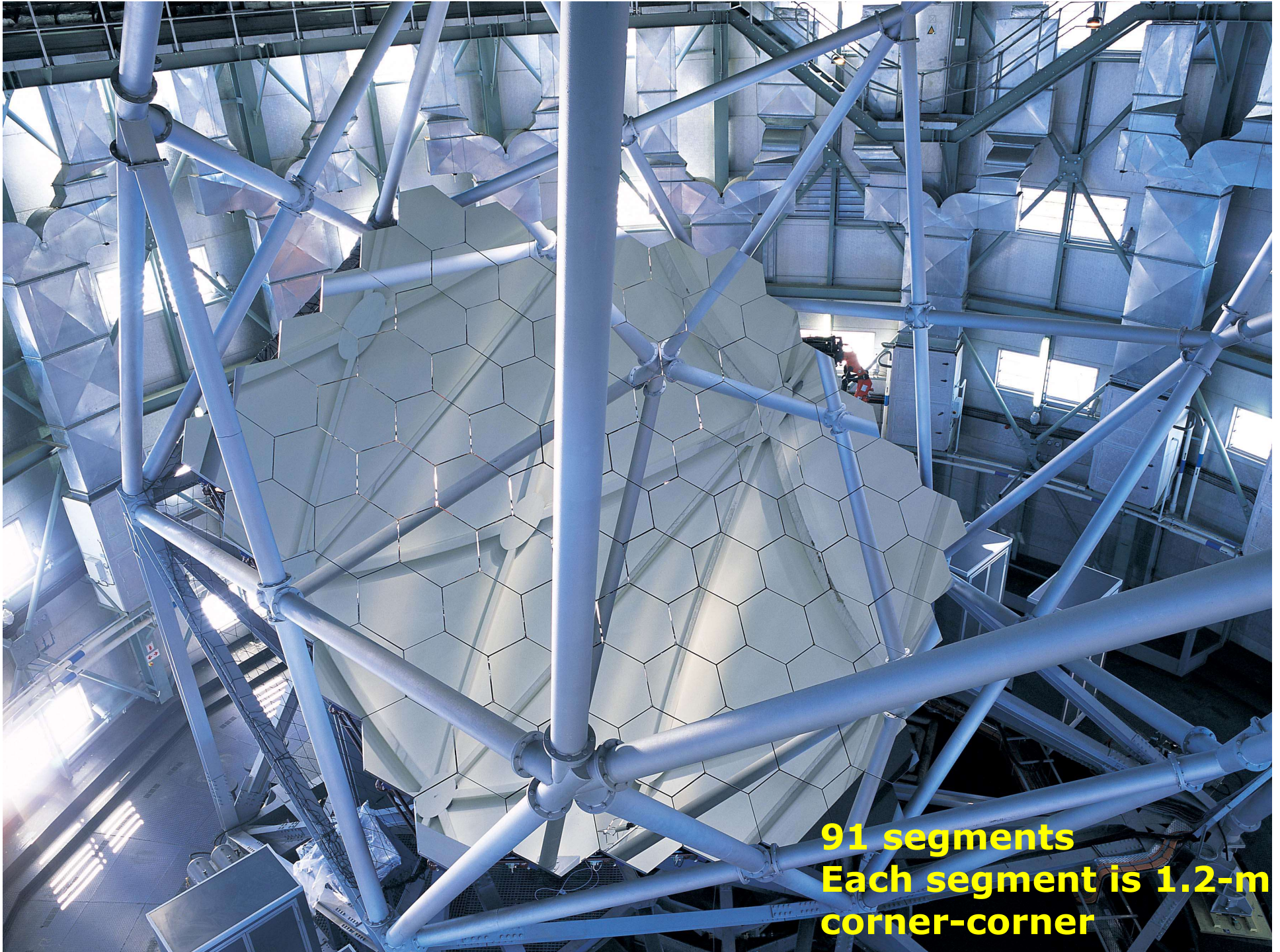


# What is SALT? One of the “Big Five”: 10-m Segmented Mirror Telescopes

- Keck I (1993) & Keck II (1996): Hawaii, USA
- HET (1999): Texas, USA
- SALT (2005): South Africa
- GRANTECAN (2009): Canary Islands, Spain

These telescopes currently have the largest light grasp

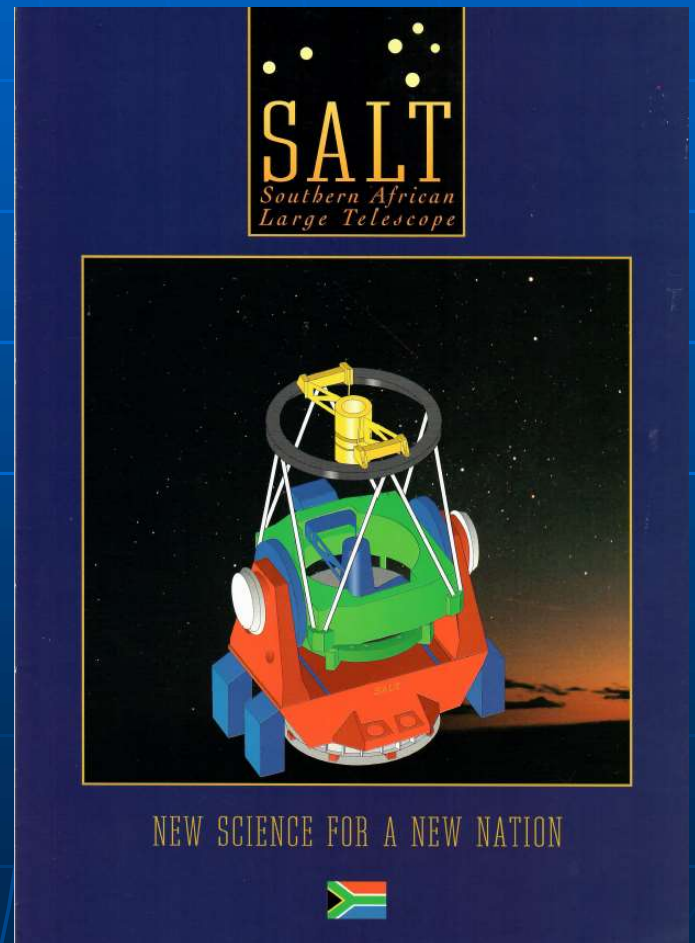




**91 segments**  
**Each segment is 1.2-m**  
**corner-corner**

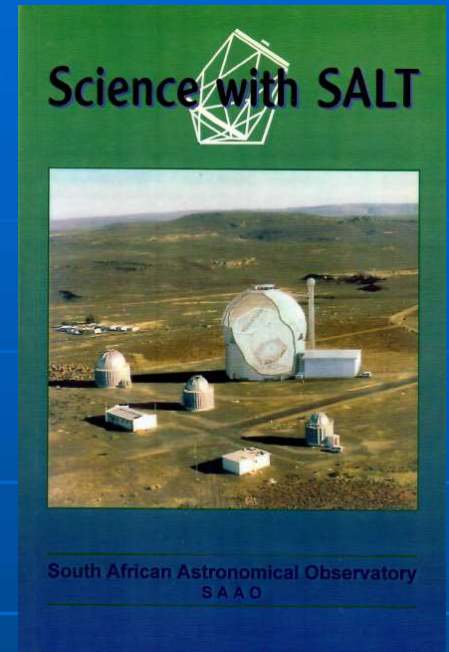
# The First "SALT"

- SALT was initially (from mid-1990s) planned as a 3.5-m telescope (NTT copy) and a collaboration between South Africa, Germany (Max Planck Soc) and Namibia and would be sited on the Gamsberg Mountain (2350 m):
  - Capital costs of telescopes/instrument by Max Planck Soc.
  - Operations of telescope by SAAO
  - Infrastructure funding by Namibia
- One of the jobs assigned to me on joining SAAO
- Site testing visit 1994 (SAAO & ESO DIMM)
- But by 1995 project was dead



# New SALT

- Came about following discussion with HET: “copy” of HET in the southern hemisphere
- Led to first “Science with SALT” workshop in March 1998
- Government’s intention to support SALT given in 1998/99 budget vote, contingent on raising of matching funds from partners
- Project unilaterally supported by all parties in Parliament
- SALT Project Scientist (David Buckley) appointed Nov 1998
- SALT Project Manager (Kobus Meiring) appointed July-1999
- Government gives the “green light” in Nov 1999
- SALT Project Team recruited from late 1999 to mid 2000
- Ground breaking in Sep 2000
- Completed & inaugurated Nov 2005



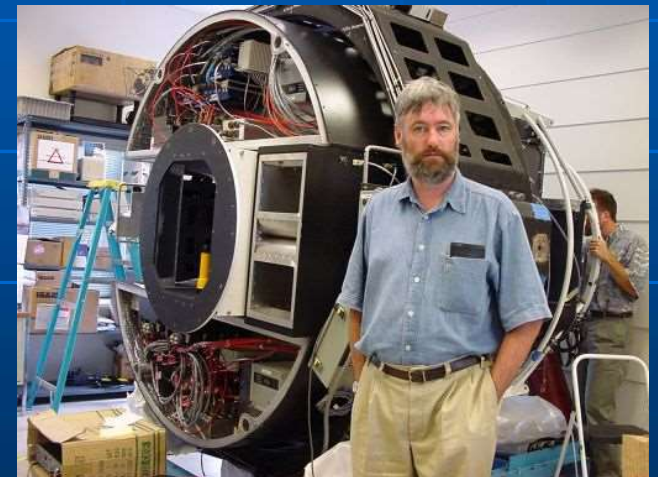
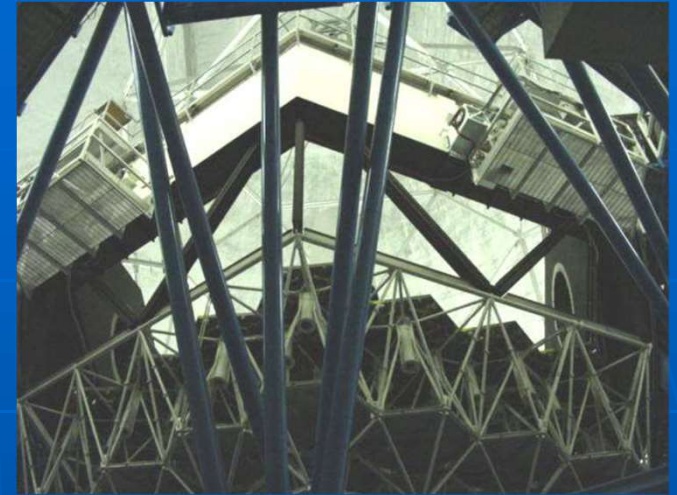
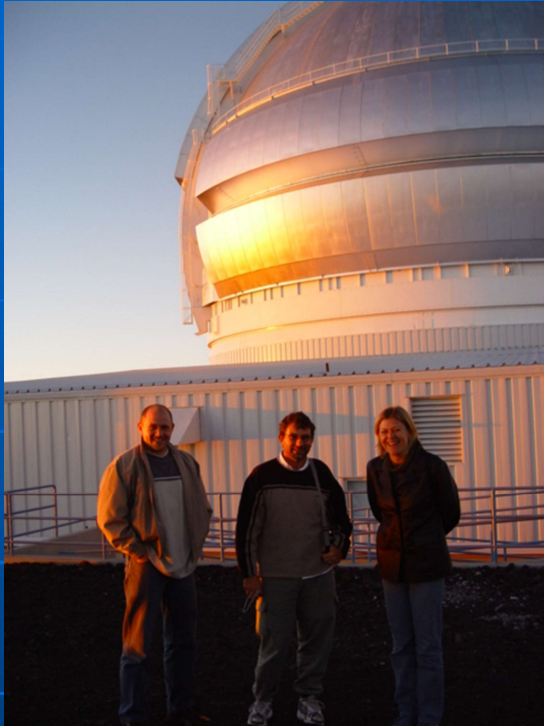
# Designing SALT

- Starting point was the HET design, but improved in many ways
- Involved many visits to other observatories, telescopes, project teams (e.g. HET, Mauna Kea (Keck, Subaru), La Palma (WHT, INT, NOT), Grantecan Project)
- Lots of design reviews supported by external reviewers



# Designing SALT

- Mauna Kea visit 2000



# Designing SALT

- La Palma visit 2000 (observing & fact-finding)

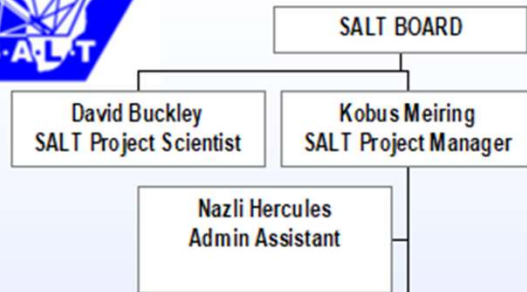




# Constructing SALT

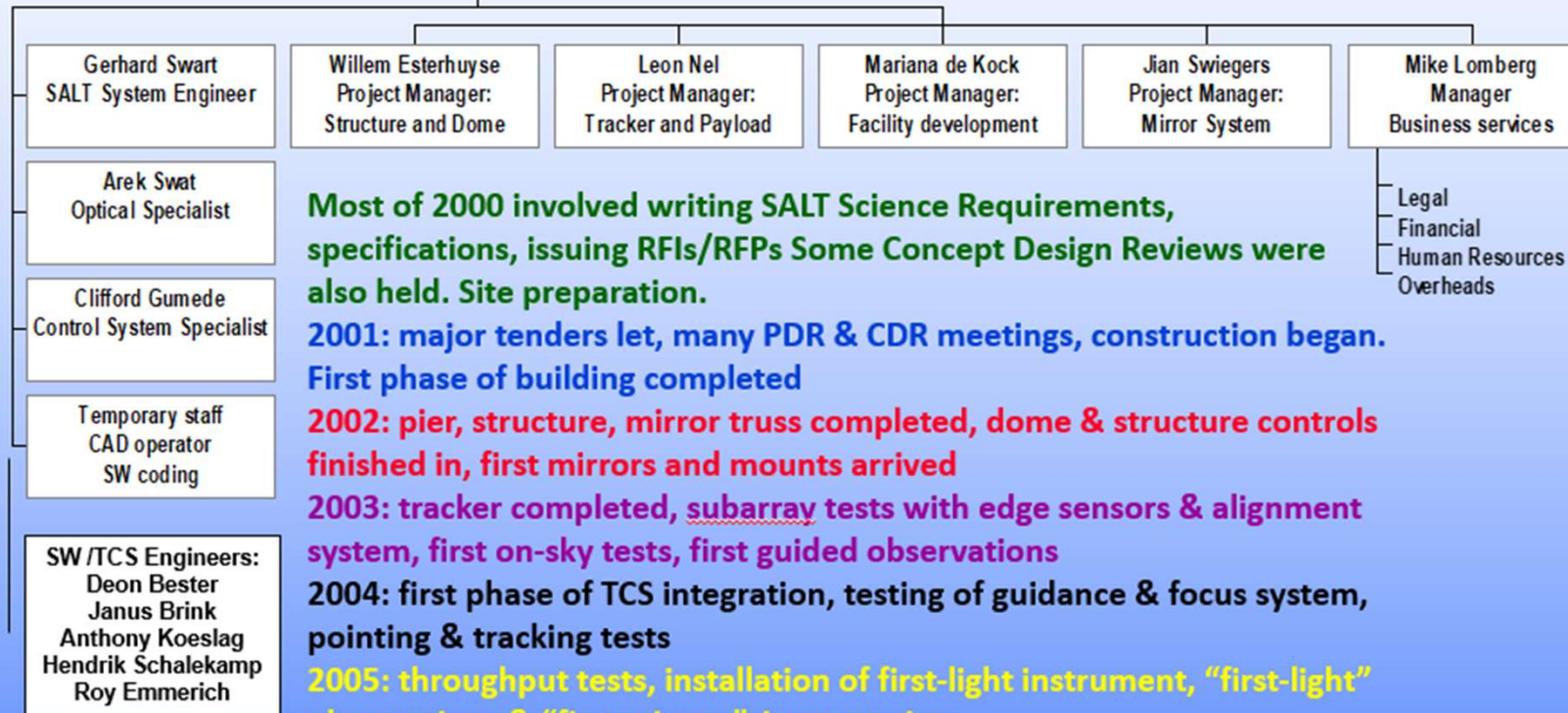


## The SALT Project Team



**Project Team appointed by early 2000  
(maximum of 18 by 2002/03)**

**Operations Team appointed from 2003 to 2005  
(6 of Project Team transferred to ops. in 2005)**



In the beginning....  
SALT site with existing 4 SAAO telescopes



Before Nov 2000

1 April  
2001

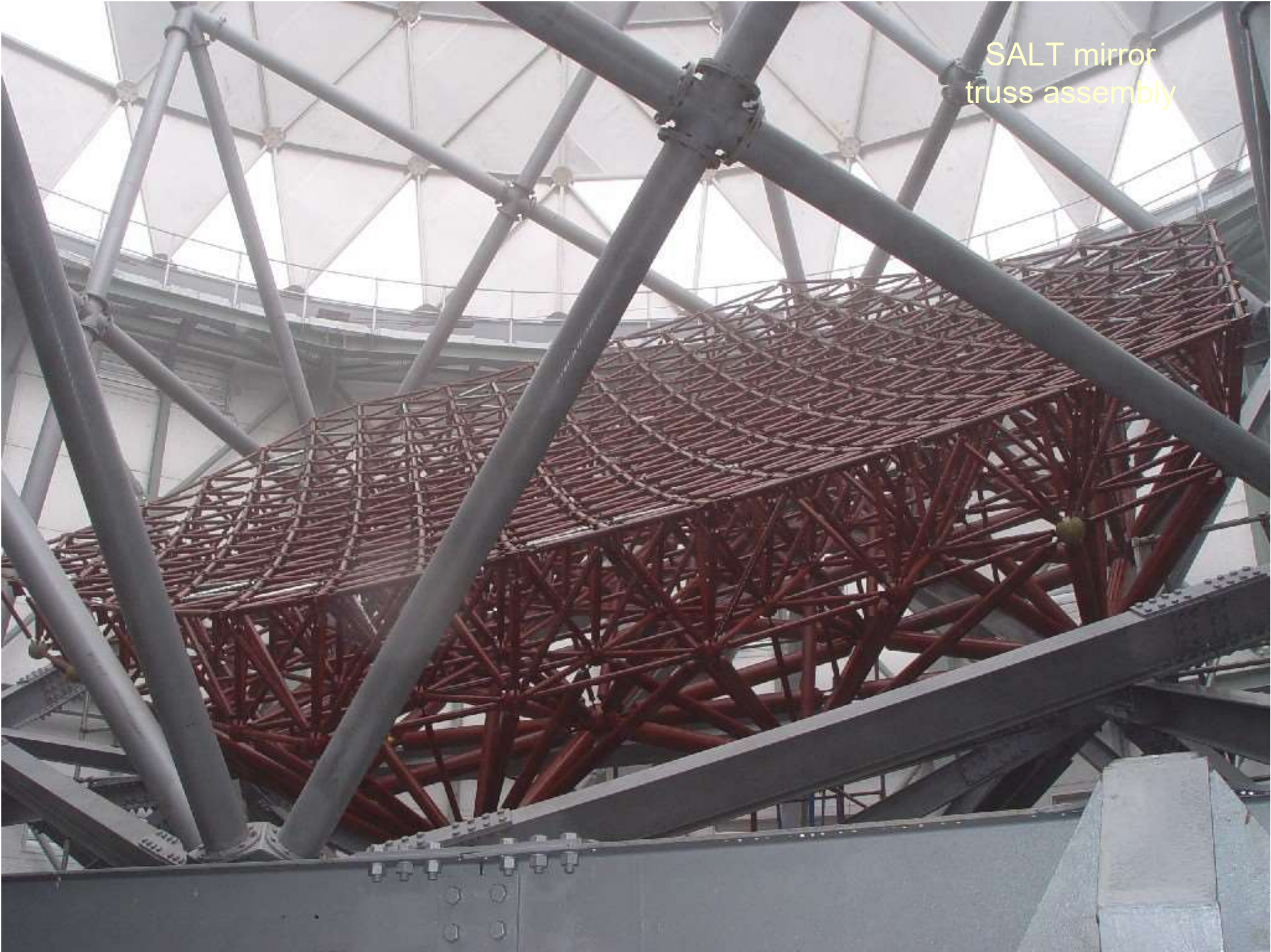


14 June 2001

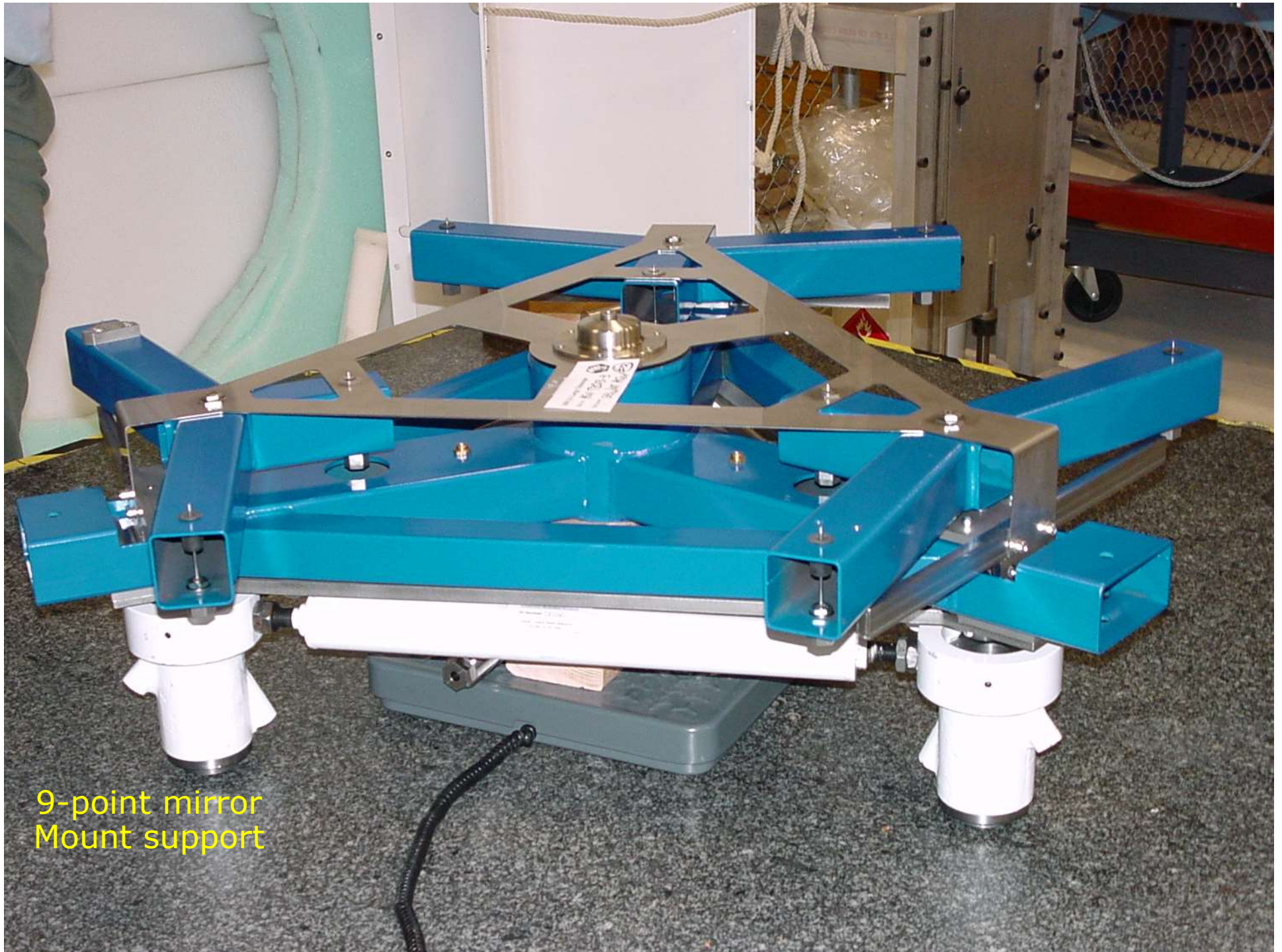


Oct 2002





SALT mirror  
truss assembly



9-point mirror  
Mount support

## Acceptance of first mirror blanks from LZOS (Russia; 2002-2004)





## Installing First Batch of 7 segments (2003)



The SALT Construction Phase was completed in Nov 2005, when SALT was inaugurated.



SALT Inauguration: 10 Nov 2005  
Opened by the South African  
President, Thabo Mbeki



*~2000 people attended the inauguration, reflecting the high profile of the project*



*Enjoyed media attention....*

# Building SALT was sometimes just too much!

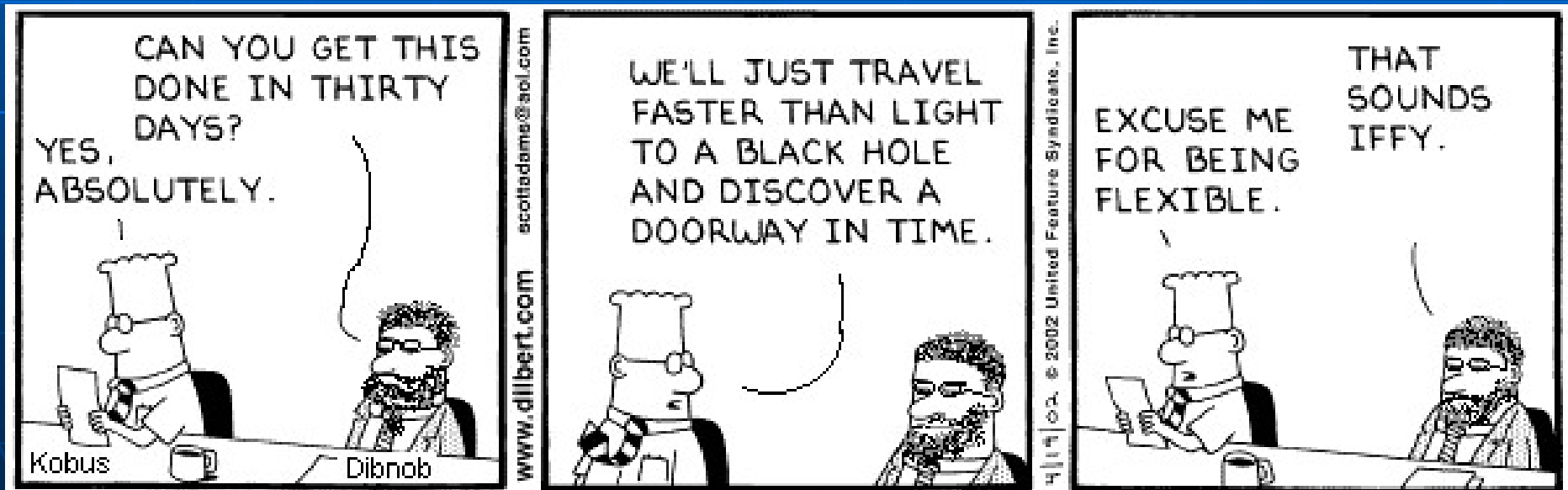


But also great fun!



# Reality of Commissioning / Completion

- Underestimate of time to complete complex/first-time systems
  - Including the Prime Focus Payload
  - Science instruments (both took ~1 year longer than CDR estimates)
  - Not enough time for integration and thorough/complete testing
  - A significant number of subsystems not completed (e.g. mirror cleaning, SAMS)
    - Handed over the Operations Team which became a "Completion Team"
- Three serious commissioning problems
  - Image quality, spectrograph throughput, mirror edge sensors



Project Manager

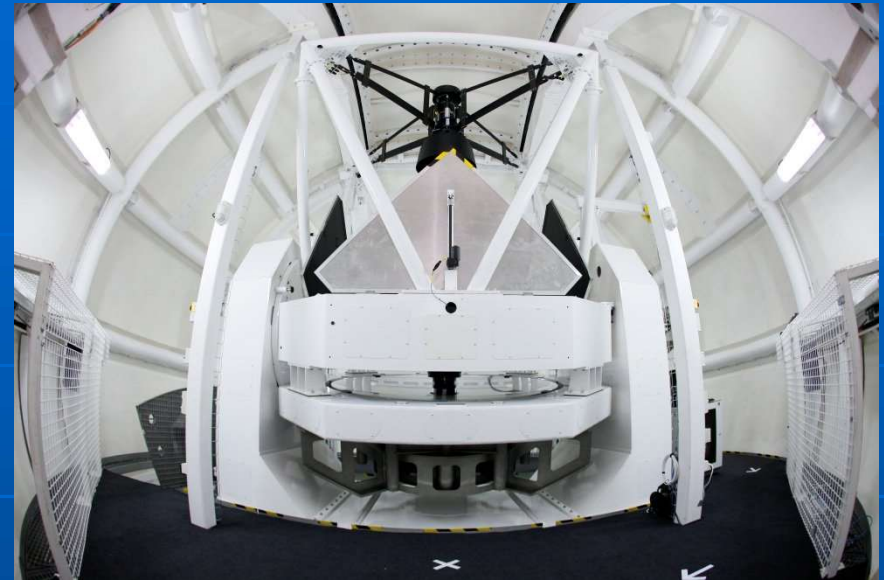
Project Scientist

## Life After SALT, or *with* SALT

- Most problems solved by 2011 when full science operations began
- After 2015 role in management of SALT Astronomy Operations ends
- Focused on exploiting SALT for research (e.g. started large SALT transient programme in 2016 involving many co-investigators)
- Research mostly on CVs, X-ray binaries & related objects
- Since 2019 involved in Rubin Observatory LSST as a South African PI Affiliate
- PI for several past and present bilateral and multi-lateral programmes (India, Russia, Germany, France, Kenya & BRICS)
- Student supervision/co-supervision (currently 6 PhD + 1 MSc) and lecturing
- Visiting more telescopes for both science and to help with new initiatives

# Observing in Thailand

Two observing runs of high-speed photometry with *Ultraspec* on the 2.4m Thai National Telescope (TNT)





# The Telescope/Observatory

- On the tallest mountain in Thailand (Doi Inathon; ~2500m)
- In a National Park in a jungle (no trees could be cut down)

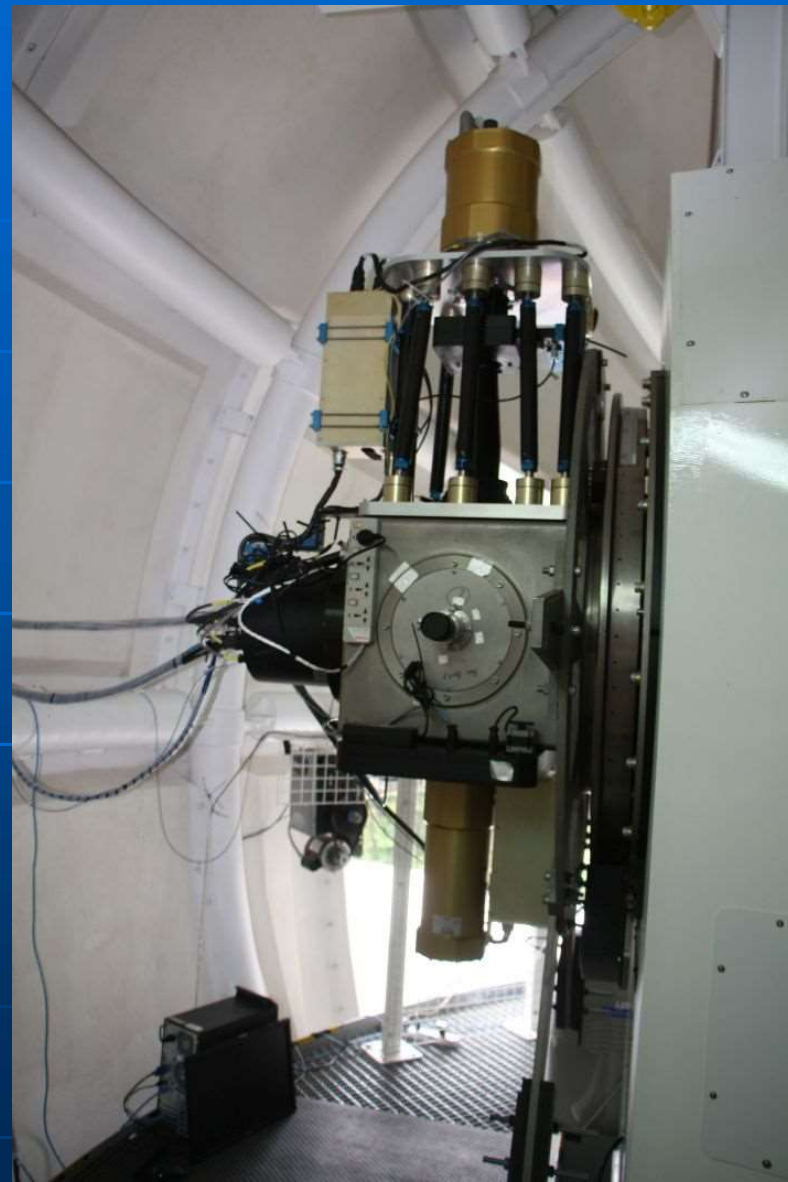


- About 2.5h from Chiang Mai (HQ and remote operations centre)
- Modern efficient 2.4m telescope & smaller 0.4-m
- Operational since 2013
- Observing season Oct-May (Monsoon and poor weather other times)
- Collaboration on HS photometry of mCVs set up after visit to OAD/SAAO by Boonrucksar Soonthornthum (NARIT Director) & fellow Canterbury MSc student (not seen each other for ~33 years)

# The Thai National Telescope



- Instruments:
  - 4k x 4k CCD imager
  - fibre fed medium R spectrograph
  - Ultraspec (EM-CCD) high speed photometer



# A Passage to India

- Many visits to India since 2007
- Initially involving IUCAA joining SALT but also X-ray science meetings (IUCAA and Tata Institute)
- Contracted optics company in Pondicherry to produce SALT edge-sensor blocks (~2012)
- Senior C.V Raman Fellow in 2013 (ASTROSAT collaboration visit)



K.P. Singh & Dipankar Bhattacharyya



# A Passage to India

- Mumbai & TIFR (conferences, collaboration visits)



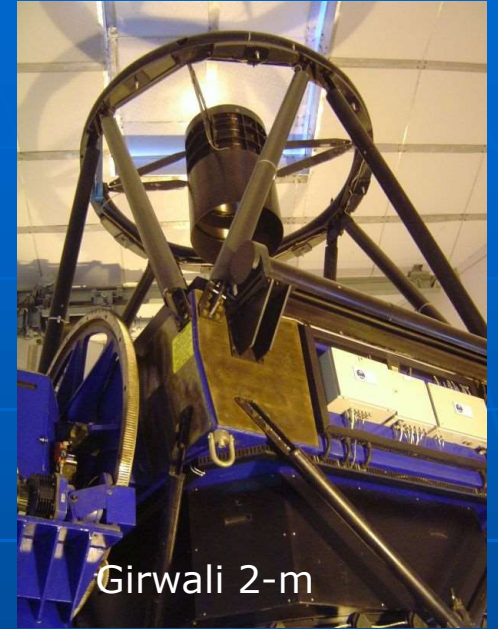
# A Passage to India

- Many visits to IUCAA in Pune (& nearby telescopes)

Girwali 2-m telescope



Giant Metre wavelength Radio Telescope (GMRT)



Girwali 2-m

At the Inter-University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics (IUCAA)



# A Passage to India

- Many visits to Aryabhata Research Institute of Observational Sciences (ARIES) in Nainital (west of Nepal)



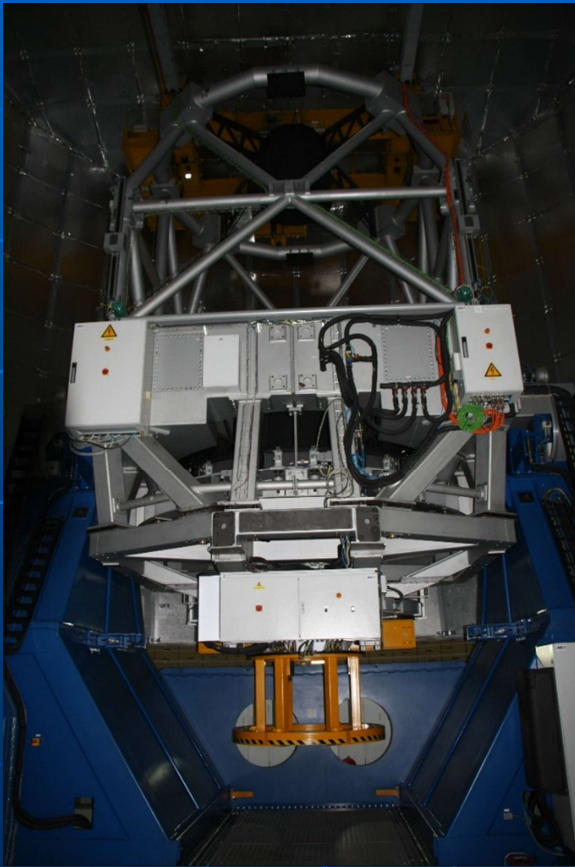
# A Passage to India

- Also to Devisthal (site of new 3.4 m DOT, 1-m telescope & 4-m liquid mirror)
- Operated by ARIES and a few hours drive from Nanithal
- Spectacular scenery of distant Himalayan range



# A Passage to India

- The 3.6 –m Devasthal Optical Telescope (DOT)
- The 4-m ILMT (liquid mirror telescope)
- Built on a peak shared by a Hindu temple





# A Passage to India

- Visit to Hanle Observatory, 4500 m altitude in Himalayas in Ladakh province
- Last pre-COVID travel (Nov 2019)
- Flew to Leh from New Dehli
- Acclimatization day (school talk, visit to Buddhist temple, monastery, etc)



# A Passage to India

- Operated by Indian Institute of Astrophysics in Bangalore
- Observers use remote operations centre near Bangalore with satellite connection
- Hanle  $\sim 10$  h drive from Leh, along part of the Indus river valley



# A Passage to India

- Hanle Observatory: optical telescopes 2-m HCT, 0.7-m GROWTH
- Site for proposed 10-12 m NLOT



# Visit to Okayama Observatory, Japan, 2017

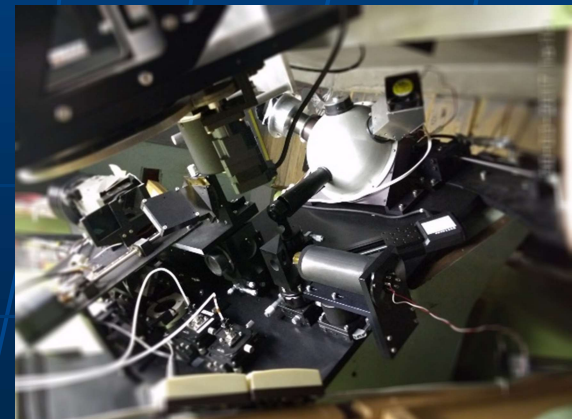
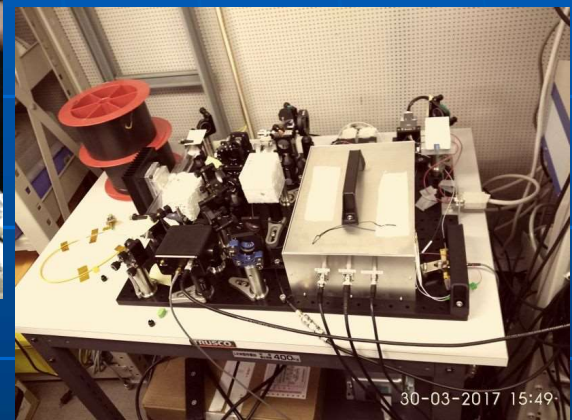
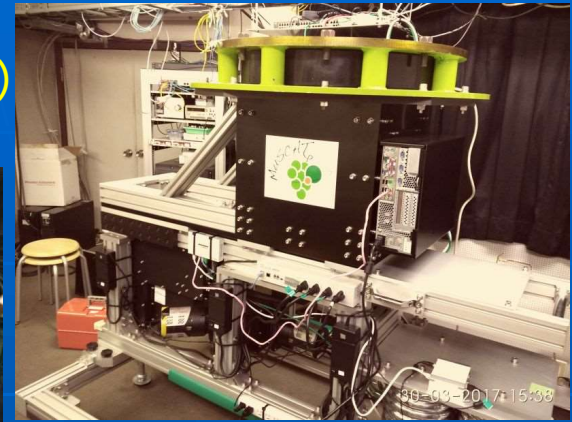
- To discuss details of new 3.8-m segmented mirror telescope (potential for similar telescope in South Africa).
- Visited other telescopes at the site



33 years before

# Visit to Okayama Observatory, Japan, 2017

- 1.9-m telescope (sibling of the Sutherland 1.9-m)
- Variety of state-of-art instruments (IFU, IR, LFC, coudé)
- Gastronomy too!



# Around the World

Many other observatories and telescopes visited

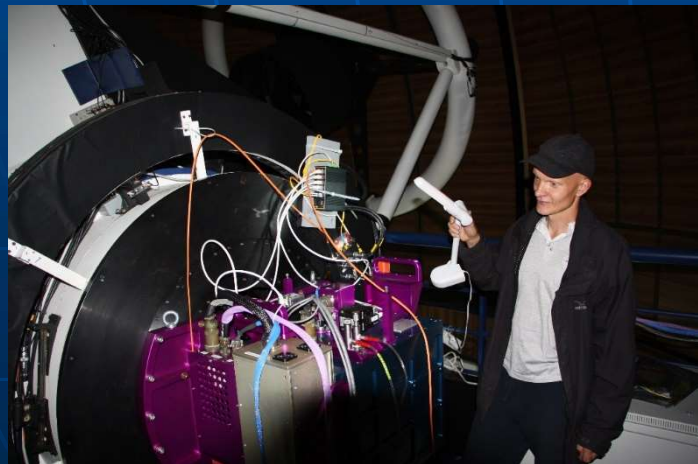
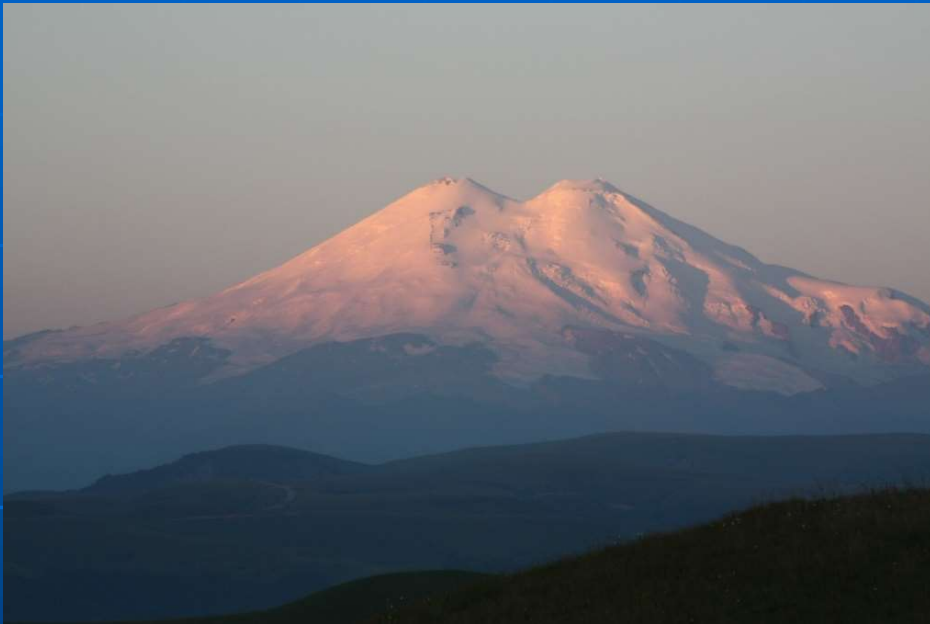
## Russia: 6-m BTA in Caucasus Mountains (Zelenchuk)

- Visited in 2008 & 2010



# Russia

- Russia: Caucasus Mountain Observatory of Sternberg Astronomical Institute
- 2.5 m telescope (2015 visit) undergoing commissioning



# China

- Invited to LAMOST opening in 2008 & project review meeting
- Attended two ISSI-BJ X-ray workshops & visits to NAOC
- Visited Yunnan & Purple Mountain 2017 with South African delegation
- Big Data meeting in Shanghai





# Out of Africa

## Astronomy Capacity Building

- East African Astronomical Society meetings
  - Rwanda: 2014
  - Uganda: 2012
  - Ethiopia: 2011
  - Kenya: 2010

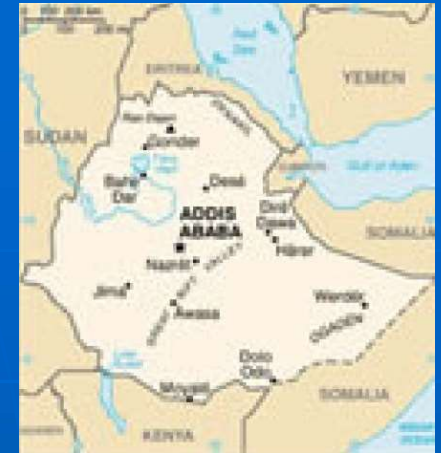


- Focussed workshops
  - Data reduction (e.g. SALT data)
  - Observing training
- Supported through variety of mechanisms (e.g. IAU)
- Chair of AfAS Science Committee (2019-2023)



# Out of Africa

## Ethiopian Developments



- Astronomy initiatives initiated from Addis Ababa University and Ethiopian Space Science Society (ESSS)
- Visit in 2009 to Addis, Lalibela & Bahir Dar
- Looking for potential sites (some up to 4000 m)
- Initiative to develop a multi-purpose observatory at Mt Entoto, near Addis Ababa
  - Public outreach
  - Student training
  - Astronomical research
- Entoto Observatory and Research Centre established 2012
  - Involves Universities
  - Government support
  - ESSS support
- Subsequent establishment of ESSI (Govt. funded)



# Telescopes for Mt Entoto, Addis Ababa

- External advisor (on requirements and specs, RFQs, operations model)
- Two well instrumented modern 1.0-m telescopes were installed in 2013 (f/8; 45 acmin corrected FoV). Some challenges encountered.



# Site Testing in Kenya



- Initiative to find a site for an optical telescope
- Started as SA-Kenya bilateral (2013) and expanded with UK involvement (ATC)
- Sites identified in north, near Lake Turkana (formerly Lake Rudolph) region
- First phase installing Automatic Weather Stations (e.g. Wamba)



# Site Testing in Kenya

- Site visits by climbing and helicopter in 2018
- Potentially excellent sites (best equatorial?)



# New 3.4-m Iranian Telescope

- From 2017 have served on International Advisory Board of the Iranian National Observatory (also members from UK, Europe and China)
- Attended design review in Aug 2017 when construction began
- Situated on 3600-m Mt Gargash, an excellent site with frequent sub-arcsec seeing.
- First light achieved in late 2022.



# My Last\* Telescope Project: PRIME

- PRIME is a wide field near IR telescope (Japan, US, South Africa)
- SAAO Project Manager for building design and construction (2017-2022)
- Installed in mid-2022 and being commissioning



\* ever, or for now?

# Recent Telescope Networking Projects

- Involved in global projects to network existing and future ground-based telescope into AI “machines”
- Driven by transient & Big Data astronomy, particularly Rubin Observatory’s LSST and SKA
- Leveraging SAAO’s Intelligent Observatory (IO) project
- BRICS initiative
- African initiative



Rubin



SKA





# Recent Telescope Networking Projects



The BRICS Intelligent Telescope and Data Network Network



## Exploit Existing BRICS Facility Access

Gemini South (Chile)



SALT (South Africa)



6-m BTA (Russia)



## Exploit Existing BRICS Facility Access

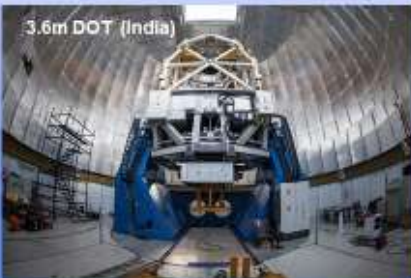
MeerKAT (South Africa)



GMRT (India)



3.6m DOT (India)



LAMOST (China)



FAST (China)



Llama (Brazil)



Pushchino (Russia)



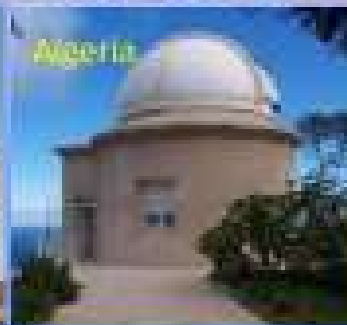
# Recent Telescope Networking Projects



## *The African Integrated Observation System (AIOS)*

### An African-wide Optical Observation Network

- Expand an *Intelligent Observatory* concept into Africa
- Use existing facilities networked together
  - Morocco
  - Algeria
  - Egypt
  - Ethiopia
  - Burkino Faso
  - South Africa



# Concluding Remarks

- My astronomy career has been immensely rewarding, productive & fun
- Culminated in SALT, challenging at times, but has been a real success
- Worked with and met some great people, including astronomers, scientists, engineers..., which has been a real privilege
- Have really enjoyed interacting with young researchers through supervising, lecturing & mentoring
- Telescopes and their instruments (over all wavelengths) are cool and learning about them and helping in their development has been just as rewarding as publishing papers
- Apart from all of my past supervisors, directors, board members, colleagues, collaborators, *I also acknowledge the forbearance, understanding and support of my wonderful loving family*

